Quantum Field Theory of Many-Particle Systems - Problem Set 6

Summer Semester 2024

Due: The problem set will be discussed in the tutorial on Friday, 17.05.2024, 13:30.

Internet: The problem sets can be downloaded from https://home.uni-leipzig.de/stp/QFT_of_MPS_SS24.html

1. Lehmann representation

4+3 Punkte

The aim of this task is to derive the Lehmann representation for the retarded correlation function

$$C^+_{\hat{X}_1\hat{X}_2}(t) = -i\theta(t) \langle [\hat{X}_1(t), \hat{X}_2(0)]_{\zeta_X} \rangle ,$$

and for the time ordered correlation function in imaginary time

$$C^{\tau}_{\hat{X}_1\hat{X}_2}(\tau) = -\langle \hat{T}_{\tau}\hat{X}_1(\tau)\hat{X}_2(0)\rangle$$
.

- (a) Express the expectation value in the definition of the two correlation functions as a trace over the statistical operator $e^{-\beta(\hat{H}-\mu\hat{N})}$ using exact eigenstates $\{|\psi_n\rangle\}$ of the full Hamiltonian. Insert a resolution of unity between the operators \hat{X}_1 and \hat{X}_2 to express the time evolution of \hat{X}_1 in terms of the eigenvalues K_n of $\hat{K} = \hat{H} - \mu\hat{N}$.
- (b) Calculate the Fourier transforms

$$C^{+}(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \mathrm{d}t \,\mathrm{e}^{i\omega t - \eta|t|} C^{+}(t)$$

and

$$C^{\tau}(i\omega_n) = \int_0^\beta \mathrm{d}\tau \,\mathrm{e}^{i\omega_n\tau} C^{\tau}(\tau) \ ,$$

by using the representation derived in part (a). The imaginary time correlation function is (anti-)periodic with period β according to $C^{\tau}(\tau + \beta) = \zeta_X C^{\tau}(\tau)$ and can be Fourier transformed with respect to bosonic (fermionic) Matsubara frequencies.

2. Green functions in real space

The time ordered Green function in momentum space for a system of non-interacting fermions was in problem set 4 shown to be given by

$$G(t, \mathbf{k}) = -i\theta(t)\theta(\xi(\mathbf{k}))e^{-i\xi(\mathbf{k})t} + i\theta(-t)\theta(-\xi(\mathbf{k}))e^{-i\xi(\mathbf{k})t}$$

at zero temperature. Here $\xi(\mathbf{k}) = \varepsilon(\mathbf{k}) - \mu$ is the dispersion of free fermions. By performing a Fourier transform calculate the corresponding real-space time-ordered Green function $G(t, \mathbf{x})$ of a system of non-interacting fermions in (a) d = 1 dimensions and (b) d = 3 dimensions. Comment on your results.

Hint: In order to perform the integrals it is helpful to expand the dispersion around the Fermi surface. That is write $\xi(\mathbf{k}) \approx \mathbf{v}_F \cdot (\mathbf{k} - \mathbf{k}_F)$.

2+3 Punkte