

Today's Lecture (Lecture 1): Introduction

Reference

Hartmann, Ch. 3

Peixoto and Oort, Ch. 6 (much more detailed than our treatment)

Peixoto and Oort, Sec. 3.1, 3.2, 3.4, 3.5 (in preparation for next week); skip discussion of oceans until one week later

# Organization

**Lectures** Wednesdays 13:15–14:45 vor dem Hospitaltore

**Exercises** First session on April 10 in the CIP Pool  
Wednesdays 15:00–15:45

**Slide copies** On course web page: <https://home.uni-leipzig.de/jmuelmen/lehre/cd/cd2019.html>, with a link from the Sommersemester page

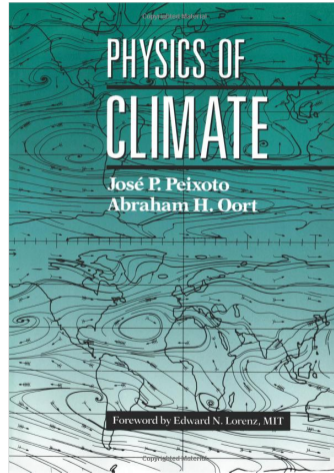
**Language** Input: de/en, output: en

**Miscellaneous** Please interrupt with questions! Comments welcome. Also by email:  
[johannes.muelmenstaedt@uni-leipzig.de](mailto:johannes.muelmenstaedt@uni-leipzig.de)

**Exams** July, by appointment, 30-minute oral exam

## Course materials

- ▶ Books available at the library or (ocean) online
- ▶ Papers (occasionally) linked from course web page



# 1 – Introduction

## 1. Introduction

1.1 The climate system

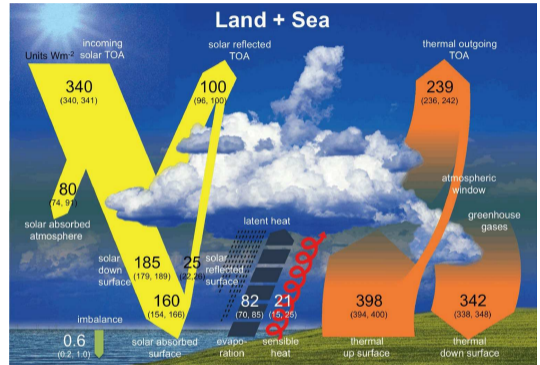
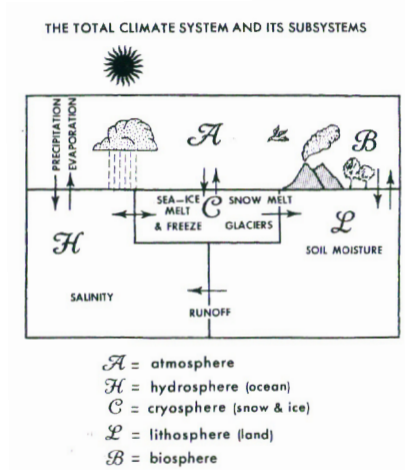
1.2 Internal variability

1.3 Forcing and feedbacks

1.4 Anthropogenic climate change



# 1.1 – The climate system



Conservation laws are fundamental to our physical understanding of the system

# Radiation

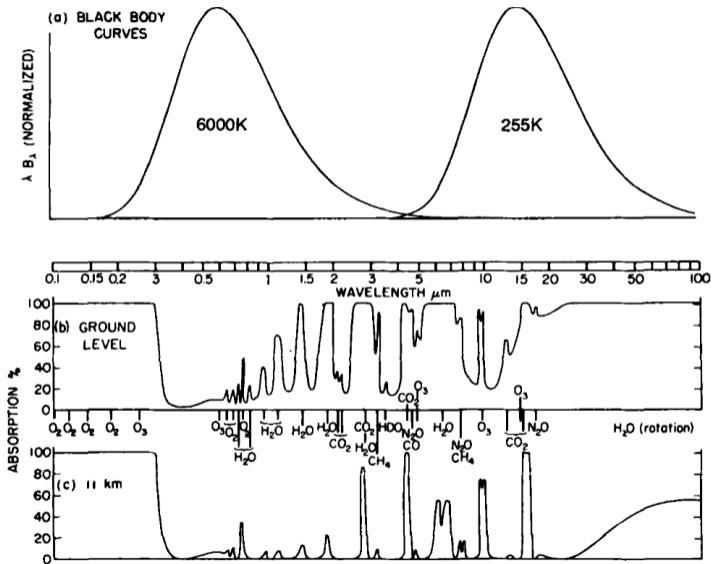
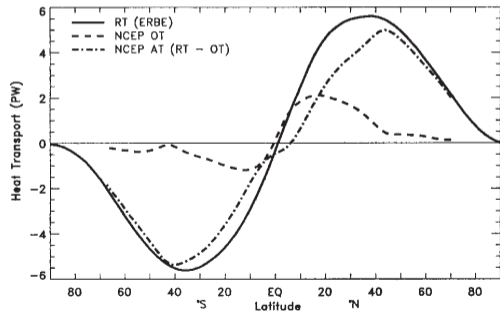
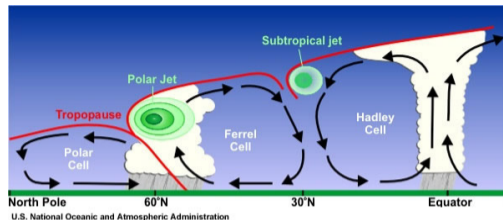


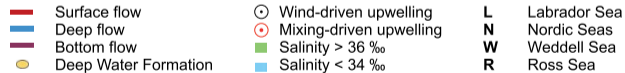
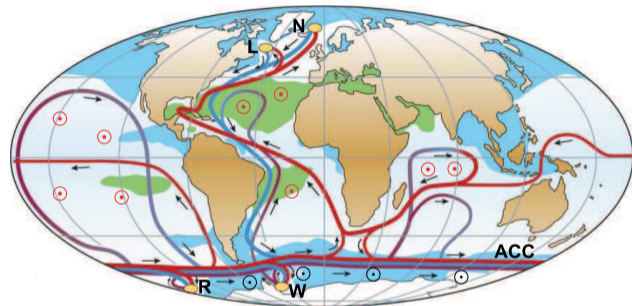
Figure: Goody and Yung (1989)

# Atmosphere

- ▶ Primitive equations
- ▶ The role of water vapor, liquid water, ice
- ▶ The role of greenhouse gases
- ▶ The role of aerosols
- ▶ Atmospheric circulation
- ▶ Coupling to land and sea, perturbation response time scales
- ▶ What is the function of the atmosphere in the climate system?



- ▶ Primitive equations
- ▶ The role of salt
- ▶ "Thermohaline" (oceanic) circulation
- ▶ Coupling to atmosphere and cryosphere, perturbation response time scales
- ▶ What is the function of the ocean in the climate system?



# Land and cryosphere

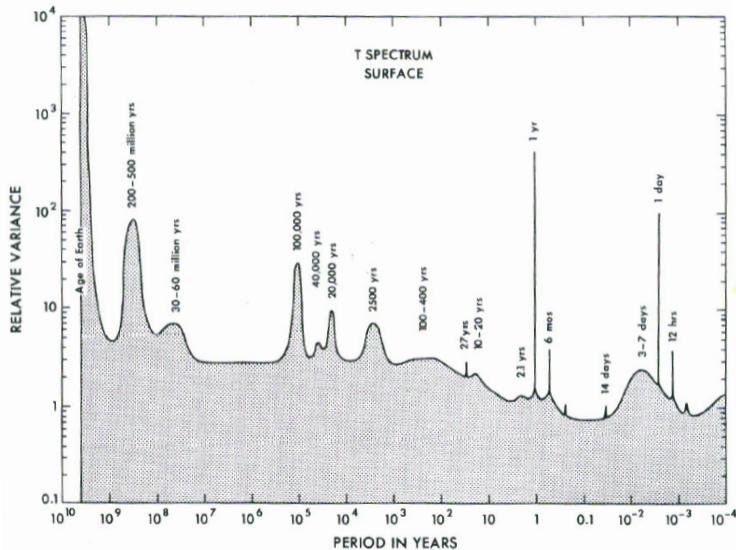
## Land (lithosphere and biosphere)

- ▶ Primitive equations? – unknown
- ▶ Time scales from very short (energy cycle, diurnal) to very long (carbon cycle, geologic)

## Cryosphere

- ▶ Primitive equations? – unknown
- ▶ Coupling to land, sea, atmosphere
  - ▶ Albedo change
  - ▶ Sea-level rise
  - ▶ Release of permafrost methane
- ▶ Response to perturbation very slow, but can be irreversibly “locked in” far in advance — example of “committed climate change”

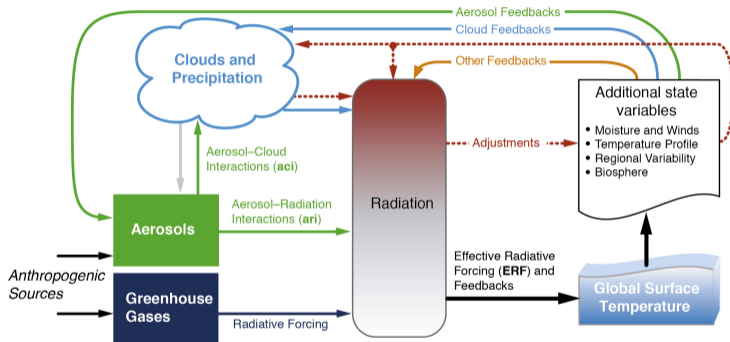
## 1.2 – Internal variability



### A variety of time scales

- ▶ Mid-latitude storms
- ▶ Madden-Julian oscillation
- ▶ ENSO
- ▶ Teleconnections
- ▶ PDO/NAO/AO

## 1.3 – Forcing and feedbacks



### Forcing

- ▶ Natural: solar cycles, orbital cycles, volcanic eruptions, geologic carbon cycle
- ▶ Anthropogenic: greenhouse gases, aerosols, land-use change

### Feedbacks

- ▶ “Planck” feedback
- ▶ Water vapor feedback
- ▶ Lapse rate feedback
- ▶ Cloud feedback
- ▶ Ice albedo feedback



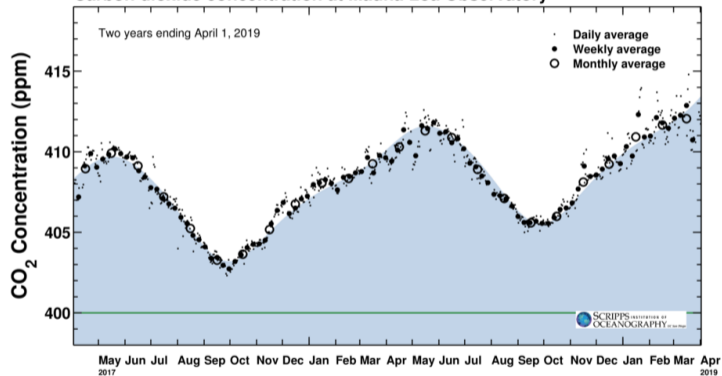


## 1.4 – Anthropogenic climate change

Latest CO<sub>2</sub> reading  
April 01, 2019

411.73 ppm

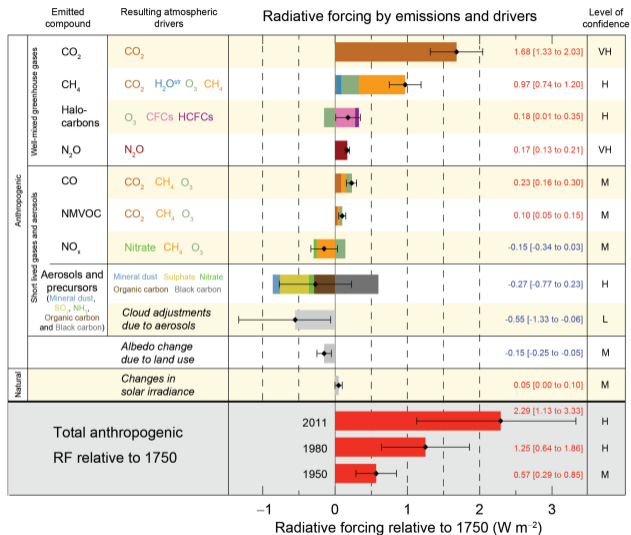
Carbon dioxide concentration at Mauna Loa Observatory



- ▶ History
- ▶ Attribution
- ▶ Projections, uncertainties, and the role of models
- ▶ Mitigation, adaptation, geoengineering
- ▶ The scientist/policy-maker dichotomy
- ▶ How to counter denialists?

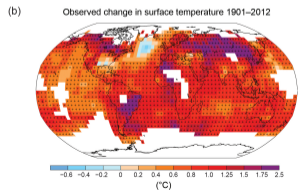
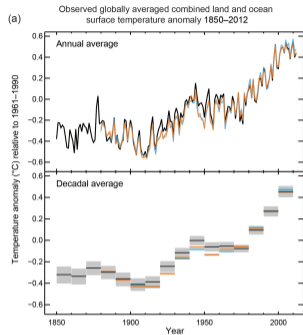


# 1.4 – Anthropogenic climate change



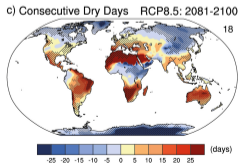
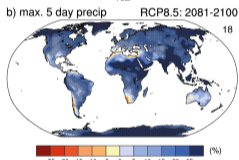
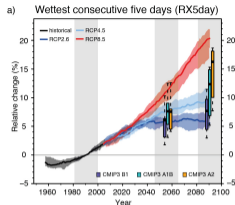
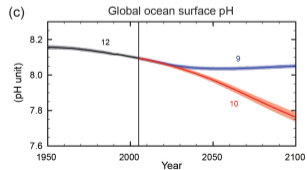
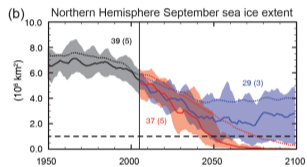
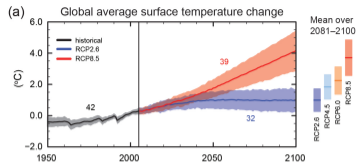
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# What you should get out of this course

If you want to work in climate science: Context for your Master's thesis topic

If you want to work in any other area: A general introduction to the climate system

Either way: Respond knowledgeably when friends and family ask you about the climate or climate change

So please ask lots of questions!