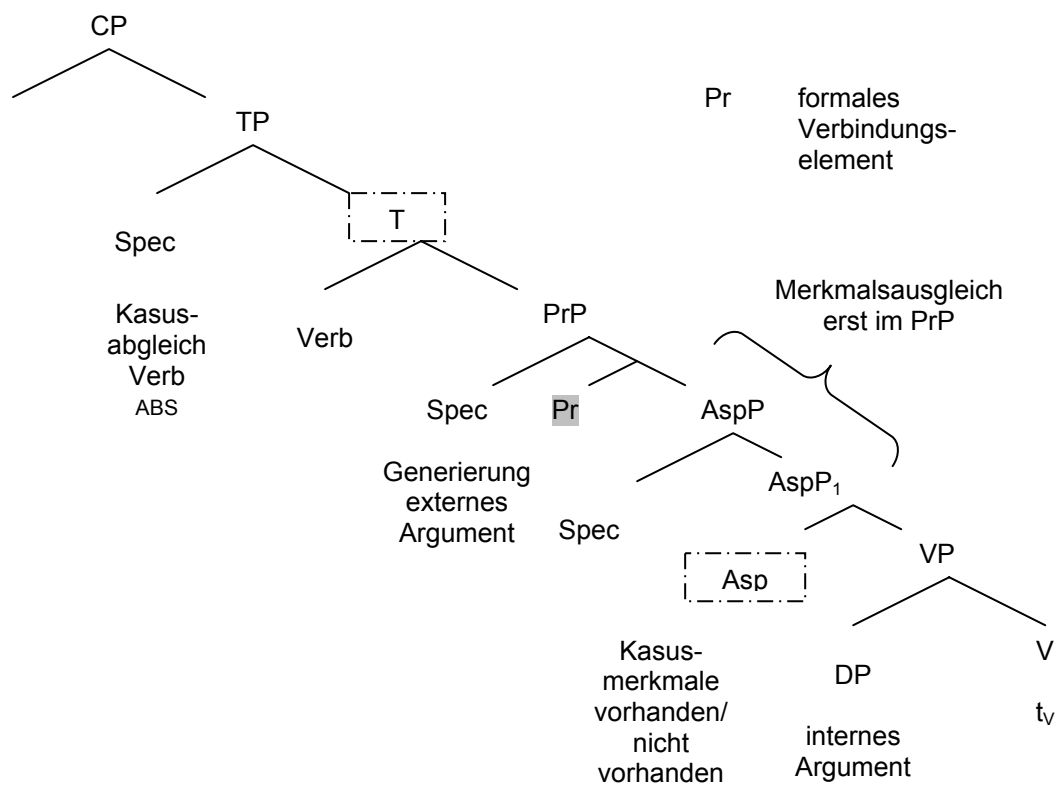


Reference Set, Minimal Link Condition, and Parametrization Masanori Nakamura

Analyse des Tagalog nach Nakamura und anderen



Topik-Morphologie im Tagalog

AT = Agent Topic Construction (=Antipassiv)

Agens ist strukturelles Subjekt

TT = Theme Topic Construction

Objekt ist strukturelles Subjekt (fraglich in wie weit unser Kategoriensystem an dieser Stelle angebracht ist)

Reference Set

A set of derivations that arise from the same numeration.

Numeration

A set of pairs (l, n) where l is an item of the lexicon and n is its index understood to be the number of times that l is selected.

Reference Set (revised)

A set of derivations that arise from non-distinct numerations.

Non-Distinctiveness

Numerations N and N' are non-distinct if and only if there is a one-to-one correspondence C between their members, such that if $(l, n) \in N$ and $(l', n') \in N'$ and (l, n) corresponds to (l', n') in C then l and l' have the same *interpretable* features and $n = n'$.

interpretierbare Merkmale	uninterpretierbare Merkmale
Zugriff auch möglich	Zugriff nur bis
nachdem Merkmale abgeglichen wurden	Merkmalsabgleich
Kategoriale Merkmale Φ -Merkmale von Nomen	phonologische Merkmale, Kasusmerkmale Φ -Merkmale von Verben Affixmerkmale

Minimal Link Condition

Derivation D blocks derivation D' if there exist chain links $CL \in D$ and $CL' \in D'$ such that CL and CL' are comparable and CL is shorter than CL'
(Vergleichbarkeit: Derivationen gehören zum selben Referenzset)

Length of Chain Link

Length of chain link CL is the number of maximal projections that dominate the tail but not the head.

... $[_{XP} \alpha_i X [_{YP} UP Y [_{ZP} t_i Z WP]]]$...

CL: 2

Implikationen

ECP kann durch globale Ökonomie ersetzt werden

dafür Modifizierung der Definition eines Reference Sets

MLC ist nicht lokal sondern global

⇒ Ökonomiebedingung, welche zwischen verschiedenen Derivationen auswählt

Vorschlag:

inter- und intralinguistische Variation innerhalb der Extrahierbarkeit

Argument/Adjunkt-Asymmetrien entstehen durch Unterschiede in Asp

➔ mit Kasus - in AT-Konstruktion

➔ ohne Kasus - in TT-Konstruktion

Falls eine Sprache keine kasuslose Asp besitzt (wie Niuean) dann gibt es keine derivationalen Alternativen und Argument-Extrahierung kann frei erfolgen

1a.	B-um-ili bought (AT)	si Juan ABS-Juan	ng isda INH-fish	para kay Maria. for OBL-Maria		
	'Juan bought fish for Maria'					
1b.	B-in-ili bought (TT)	ni Juan ERG-Juan	ng isda ABS-fish	para kay Maria. for OBL-Maria		
	'Juan bought the fish for Maria'					
2a.	Sino who	ang ANG	b-um-ili bought (AT)	ng damit? INH-dress		
	'Who is the one that bought the dress?'					
2b.	*Ano what	ang ANG	b-um-ili bought (AT)	si Juan? ABS-Juan		
	('What is the thing that Juan bought?')					
3a.	*Sino who	ang ANG	b-in-ili bought (TT)	ang damit? ABS-dress		
	('Who is the one that bought the dress?')					
3b.	Ano what	ang ANG	b-in-ili bought (TT)	ni Juan? ERG-Juan		
	'What is the thing that Juan bought?'					
4a.	*Sino who	ang ANG	b-um-ili bought (AT)	si Juan ABS-Juan	ng kotse? INH-car	
	('Who is the one that Juan bought <i>t</i> car?')					
4b.	Sino who	ang ANG	b-in-ili bought (TT)	ni Juan ERG-Juan	ng kotse? ABS-car	
	'Who ist he one that Juan bought <i>t</i> car?'					
5.	Sino who	ang ANG	kabili buy (RP)	lang just	ng tela? INH-cloth	
	'Who is the one that has just bought cloth?'					
6a.	Nag-sabi said (AT)	si Pedro ABS-Pedro	na COMP	b-um-ili bought (AT)	si Linda ABS-Linda	ng kotse. INH-car
	'PEDRO sagte, dass LINDA ein Auto kaufte.					
6b.	Nag-sabi said (AT)	si Pedro ABS-Pedro	na COMP	b-in-ili bought (TT)	ni Linda ERG-Linda	ang kotse. ABS-car
	'PEDRO sagte, dass Linda DAS AUTO kaufte.					
6c.	S-in-abi said (TT)	ni Pedro ERG-Pedro	na COMP	b-um-ili bought (AT)	si Linda ABS-Linda	ng kotse. INH-car
	'Pedro sagte, DASS LINDA EIN AUTO KAUFTE.					
6d.	S-in-abi said (TT)	ni Pedro ERG-Pedro	na COMP	b-in-ili bought (TT)	ni Linda ERG-Linda	ang kotse. ABS-car
	'Pedro sagte, DASS LINDA DAS AUTO KAUFTE.					
7a.	Sino who	ang ANG	nag-sabi said (AT)	na COMP	b-in-ili bought (TT)	ni Linda ERG-Linda
	ang kotse? ABS-car					
7b.	*Sino who	ang ANG	s-in-abi said (TT)	na COMP	b-in-ili bought (TT)	ni Linda ERG-Linda
	ang kotse? ABS-car					
8a.	*Ano what	ang ANG	sag-sabi said (AT)	si Pedro ABS-Pedro	na COMP	b-um-ili bought (AT)
	si Linda? ABS-Linda					
	('What is the thing that Pedro said that Linda bought?')					
8b.	*Ano what	ang ANG	nag-sabi said (AT)	si Pedro ABS-Pedro	na COMP	b-in-ili bought (TT)
	ni Linda? ERG-Linda					
	('What is the thing that Pedro said that Linda bought?')					
8c.	*Ano what	ang ANG	s-in-abi said (TT)	ni Pedro ERG-Pedro	na COMP	b-um-ili bought (AT)
	si Linda? ABS-Linda					
	('What is the thing that Pedro said that Linda bought?')					
8d.	Ano what	ang ANG	s-in-abi said (TT)	ni Pedro ERG-Pedro	na COMP	b-in-ili bought (TT)
	ni Linda? ERG-Linda					
	'What is the thing that Pedro said that Linda bought?'					

1a. [_{TP} Juan_i bought (AT) [_{PrP} *t_i* Pr [_{AspP} Asp [_{Vp} the fish *t_V* [_{PP} for Maria]]]]]

1b. [_{TP} the fish_i bought (TT) [_{PrP} Juan Pr [_{AspP} Asp [_{Vp} *t_i* *t_V* [_{PP} for Maria]]]]]

2a. [_{CP} *OP_j* [_{TP} *t'_j* bought (AT) [_{PrP} *t_i* [_{AspP} [_{VP} *t_V* the dress]]]]]]

2b. * [_{CP} *OP_j* [_{TP} Juan_i bought (AT) [_{PrP} *t_i* [_{AspP} [_{VP} *t_V* *t_j*]]]]]]

3a. * [_{CP} *OP_i* [_{TP} the dress_j bought (TT) [_{PrP} *t_i* [_{AspP} [_{VP} *t_V* *t_j*]]]]]]

3b. [_{CP} *OP_j* [_{TP} *t'_j* bought (TT) [_{PrP} Juan [_{AspP} [_{VP} *t_V* *t_j*]]]]]]

4a. * [_{CP} *OP_k* [_{TP} Juan_i bought (AT) [_{PrP} *t_i* [_{AspP} [_{VP} *t_V* [_{DP} *t_k* car]]]]]]]]

4b. [_{CP} *OP_k* [_{TP} [_{DP} *t_k* car]_j bought (TT) [_{PrP} Juan [_{AspP} [_{VP} *t_V* *t_j*]]]]]]

5. [_{CP} *OP_i* [_{TP} the bought (RP) [_{PrP} *t_i* [_{AspP} [_{VP} *t_V* cloth]]]]]]

7a. [_{CP} *OP_i* [_{TP} *t'_j* said(AT) [_{PrP} *t_i* [_{VP} *t_V* [_{CP} ... bought (TT) ...]]]]]]

7b. [_{CP} *OP_i* [_{TP} [_{CP} ... bought (TT) ...]_j said(AT) [_{PrP} *t_i* [_{VP} *t_V* *t_j*]]]]]]

8a. * [_{CP} *OP_k* [_{TP} Pedro_i said(AT) [_{PrP} *t_i* [_{VP} *t_V* [_{CP} *t'_k* [_{TP} bought (AT) ... *t_k*]]]]]]]]

8b. * [_{CP} *OP_k* [_{TP} Pedro_i said(AT) [_{PrP} *t_i* [_{VP} *t_V* [_{CP} *t''_k* [_{TP} *t'_k* bought (TT) ... *t_k*]]]]]]]]

8c. [_{CP} *OP_k* [_{TP} [_{CP} *t'_k* [_{TP} bought (AT) ... *t_k*]]_j said(TT) [_{PrP} Pedro [_{VP} *t_V* *t_j*]]]]]]

8d. [_{CP} *OP_k* [_{TP} [_{CP} *t''_k* [_{TP} *t'_k* bought (TT) ... *t_k*]]_j said(TT) [_{PrP} Pedro [_{VP} *t_V* *t_j*]]]]]]