

## Excercises 5

*Excercise 1:* Transitivity and connectedness

Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ .

- Describe the properties of each relation  $R_i$  in  $A$  below, of its inverse ( $R_i^{-1}$ ), and of its complement ( $R_i'$ ) with respect to transitivity and connectedness.

- (1)
- $R_1 = \{\langle 1, 1 \rangle, \langle 2, 1 \rangle, \langle 3, 4 \rangle, \langle 2, 2 \rangle, \langle 3, 3 \rangle, \langle 4, 4 \rangle, \langle 4, 1 \rangle\}$
  - $R_2 = \{\langle 3, 4 \rangle, \langle 1, 2 \rangle, \langle 1, 4 \rangle, \langle 2, 3 \rangle, \langle 2, 4 \rangle, \langle 1, 3 \rangle\}$
  - $R_3 = \{\langle 2, 4 \rangle, \langle 3, 1 \rangle, \langle 3, 4 \rangle, \langle 2, 2 \rangle, \langle 1, 3 \rangle, \langle 4, 3 \rangle, \langle 4, 2 \rangle\}$
  - $R_4 = \{\langle 1, 1 \rangle, \langle 2, 4 \rangle, \langle 1, 3 \rangle, \langle 2, 2 \rangle, \langle 3, 1 \rangle, \langle 4, 4 \rangle, \langle 3, 3 \rangle, \langle 4, 2 \rangle\}$

*Excercise 2:* Partitions

- Is any of the  $R_i$  in exercise 1 an equivalence relation (see excercise 5 on sheet 4 for reflexivity and symmetry)? If so, then give the partition that is induced on  $A$ .
- Give the equivalence relation that induces the following partition on  $A$ :  
 $P = \{\{1\}, \{2, 3\}, \{4\}\}$ .
- How many different partitions on  $A$  are possible?

*Excercise 3:* Orders Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 10, 15, 30\}$  and let  $R$  be the relation in  $A$  defined as  $R = \{\langle x, y \rangle \mid x \text{ divides } y \text{ without remainder}\}$

- List the members of  $R$  and determine whether it forms an order (and if so, whether the order is weak or strong).
- Do the same for the set  $\wp(B)$ , where  $B = \{a, b, c\}$ , and the relation “is a subset of”.